



Beyond the Unitarity Bound in AdS / CFT_{(A)dS}

Christoph Uhlemann

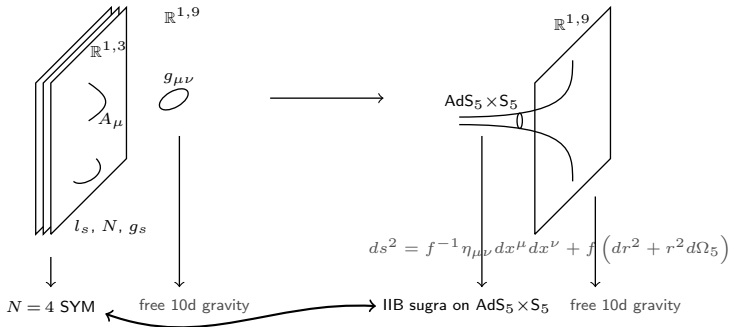
Institut für Theoretische Physik und Astrophysik
Universität Würzburg

Iberian Strings, Bilbao 2012

[JHEP01(2012)123 Tomás Andrade, CFU]

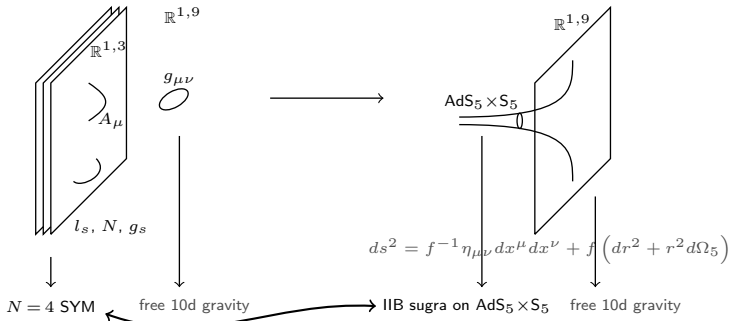
Introduction

AdS/CFT prototype:



▷ many more brane configurations, gauge/gravity etc.

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Boundary metric (A)dS:

[Marolf, Rangamani, van Raamsdonk '11]
 [Aharony, Marolf, Rangamani '11]

- ▷ curved-space QFT on boundary
- ▷ branes ending on branes
- ▷ multi-layered AdS/CFT

[Aharony, Berdichevsky, Berkooz, Shamir '11]

$$\int \mathcal{D}\hat{\phi} \Big|_{\hat{\phi}|_{\partial\mathcal{M}}=\delta\phi} e^{iS_{\text{sugra}}[\hat{\phi}]} = \langle e^{i\int_{\partial\mathcal{M}} \delta\phi \mathcal{O}} \rangle_{\text{SCFT}}$$

$$\Delta_{\mathcal{O}}(\Delta_{\mathcal{O}} - d) = m_{\phi}^2 =: -d^2/4 + \nu^2 \quad \text{i.e.} \quad \Delta_{\mathcal{O}} = d/2 \pm \nu$$

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Here: set up holographic renormalization for CFTs on (A)dS
 study unitarity holographically

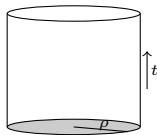
Outline:

- ▶ CFT on AdS from the holographic perspective:
 - the geometry
 - regularization and renormalization
 - beyond the unitarity bound
 - multi-layered AdS/CFT
- ▶ CFT on dS
 - geometry
 - beyond the unitarity bound

AdS/CFT_{AdS} – the geometry

AdS_{d+1} in global coordinates:

$$ds^2 = -(1 + \rho^2)dt^2 + \frac{d\rho^2}{1 + \rho^2} + \rho^2 d\Omega_{d-1}^2$$



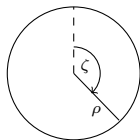
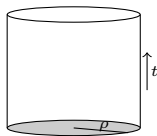
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$$d\zeta^2 + \sin^2 \zeta d\Omega_{d-2}^2$$

$$(\rho, \zeta) \rightarrow (R, z): \quad \rho^2 = \csc^2 z \cosh^2 R - 1$$

$$\rho^2 \sin^2 \zeta = \cot^2 z \cosh^2 R$$



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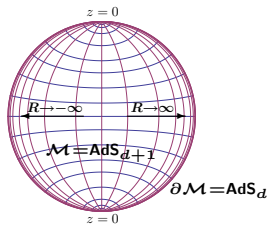
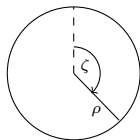
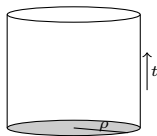
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$$\rightarrow ds^2 = dR^2 + \cosh^2 R ds_{\text{AdS}_d}^2$$

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conformal boundary at $|R| = \infty$ is $2 \times \text{AdS}_d$



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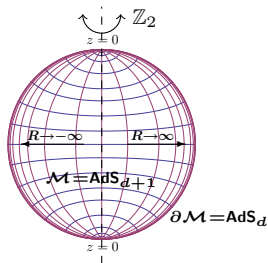
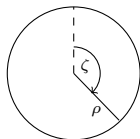
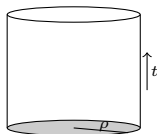
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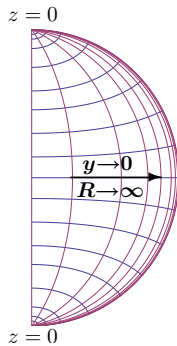
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$\rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_2$ orbifold for single copy



Divergences and Renormalization

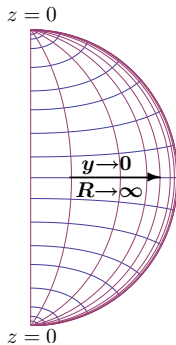
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$$\rightarrow \phi = \chi(z, t, \Omega_{d-2}) f(y)$$

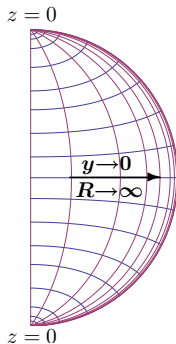


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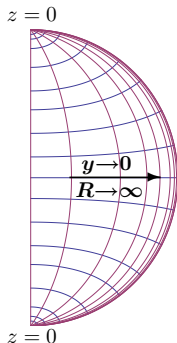


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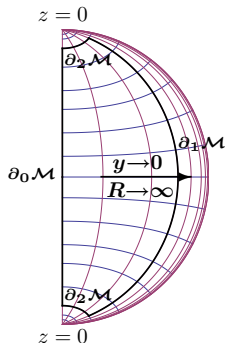
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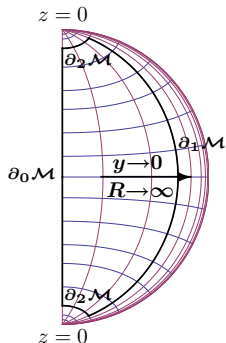
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Simplest case: Dirichlet_d $\chi_D = \delta \chi_D = 0$ s.t. no $\epsilon_2 \rightarrow 0$ divergences

\rightarrow correlation functions for CFT_{AdS} w/ Dirichlet b.c.

Dirichlet _{d} and the unitarity bound

Choose $\nu \in (1, 2)$ and fixed Dirichlet_d. For finite δS :

$$S_{\text{ct}} = -\frac{1}{2} \int_{\partial_1 \mathcal{M}} \left[(d/2 - \nu) \phi^2 + \frac{1}{2(\nu - 1)} \phi \square^W \phi \right] + \frac{1}{4(\nu - 1)} \int_{\partial \mathcal{M}} \phi \mathcal{L}_n \phi$$

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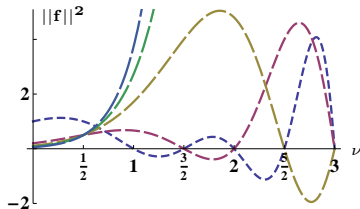
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Spectrum: $\mu = 2n + \frac{1}{2} - a_{\text{D/N}} \nu + b_{\text{even/odd}}$, $\|f\|^2 = \frac{(n + b/2)!}{\mu \Gamma(2\mu - 2n - b)}$

- ✓ $\|f\|^2 > 0$ for Dirichlet_{d+1}
- ✓ ghosts for $\nu > 1$ Neumann_{d+1}
- ▷ results extend to generic ν
- ▷ log-modes for $2\nu \in \mathbb{Z}$



Saturating the unitarity bound: $\nu = 1$

→ log terms in asymptotic expansion

→ new finite combination of boundary terms $\propto \kappa$

$$S_{\text{ct}} = -\frac{1}{2} \int_{\partial_1 \mathcal{M}} [(d/2 - 1)\phi^2 - (\log y + \kappa)\phi \square^W \phi] - \frac{1}{2} \int_{\partial \mathcal{M}} (\log y + \kappa)\phi \mathcal{L}_n \phi$$

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~ marginal case only for free field

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in summary: satisfactory renormalization procedure for Dirichlet_d

CFT unitarity violation reflected in bulk by ghost states

Neumann_{*d*}: dimensional reduction

$\phi = \sum_n \alpha_n \phi_n$, $\phi_n = \chi_{\mu_n} \cdot f_n$, $n \in \mathbb{N}$ \sim 'tower' of AdS_d modes

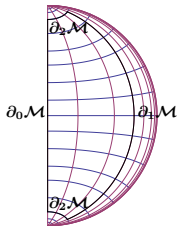
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Neumann_d: χ_{μ_n} normalizable only for $\mu_n^2 < 1$ ($z \rightarrow 0$ divergences)

add c.t. on $\partial_2 \mathcal{M}$ s.t. all $\langle \chi_{\mu_n}, \chi_{\mu_m} \rangle$ finite?



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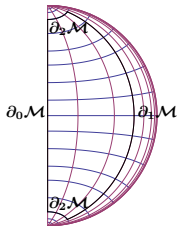
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$$S_{\text{ct}} = \int_{\partial_2 \mathcal{M}} \alpha_1 \phi^2 + \alpha_2 \phi \square \phi + \alpha_3 \mathcal{R} \phi^2 + \dots$$

need $\alpha_i = \alpha_i(\mu)$, e.g. $\alpha_2 = 1/(1 - \mu_n)$

\rightarrow w/ fixed α_i only one $\mu_n^2 > 1$ normalizable



$\phi = \sum_n \alpha_n \phi_n$, $\phi_n = \chi_{\mu_n} \cdot f_n$, $n \in \mathbb{N} \sim$ 'tower' of AdS_d modes

$$\langle \phi_n, \phi_m \rangle = \underbrace{\langle \chi_{\mu_n}, \chi_{\mu_m} \rangle}_{\text{finite for Dirichlet}_d} \cdot \underbrace{\langle f_n, f_m \rangle}_{\rightarrow \text{finite } \langle f_n, f_m \rangle_{\text{ren}} \text{ w/ c.t. on } \partial_1 \mathcal{M}}$$

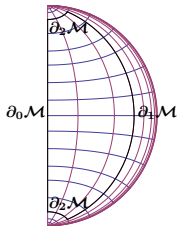
Neumann_d: χ_{μ_n} normalizable only for $\mu_n^2 < 1$ ($z \rightarrow 0$ divergences)

add c.t. on $\partial_2 \mathcal{M}$ s.t. all $\langle \chi_{\mu_n}, \chi_{\mu_m} \rangle$ finite?

$$S_{\text{ct}} = \int_{\partial_2 \mathcal{M}} \alpha_1 \phi^2 + \alpha_2 \phi \square \phi + \alpha_3 \mathcal{R} \phi^2 + \dots$$

need $\alpha_i = \alpha_i(\mu)$, e.g. $\alpha_2 = 1/(1 - \mu_n)$

\rightarrow w/ fixed α_i only one $\mu_n^2 > 1$ normalizable



reduction of (infinite) tower of AdS_d modes to finitely many
 \sim dimensional reduction, no localization in radial direction

Including $\mu^2 \geq 1$ modes: $\langle \chi_\mu, \chi_\mu \rangle$ indefinite \rightarrow ghosts [Andrade, Marolf '11]

\rightarrow add no c.t. on $\partial_2 \mathcal{M}$ s.t. only $\mu^2 < 1$ normalizable

$$\mu^2 < 1 \iff -\frac{3}{2} < 2n + b_{\text{even/odd}} - a_{\text{D/N}} \nu < \frac{1}{2}$$

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$$\text{Sol}\{(\square_{\text{AdS}_{d+1}} - m^2)\phi = 0\} \cong \text{Sol}\{(\square_{\text{AdS}_d} - M^2)\chi = 0\}$$

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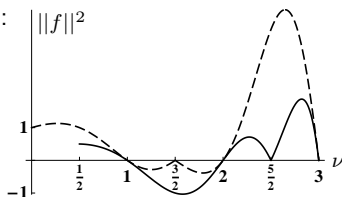
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Dirichlet_{d+1}: normalizable mode only for \mathbb{Z}_2 -even, $\nu \in [0, 1/2)$
norm positive ✓

Neumann_{d+1}:



dashed/solid \sim even/odd

$\|f\|^2 < 0$ for $\nu \in (1, 2)$ ✓

$\|f\|^2 > 0$ for $\nu < 1$ ✓
and $\nu \in (2, 3)$?

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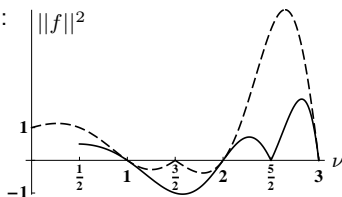
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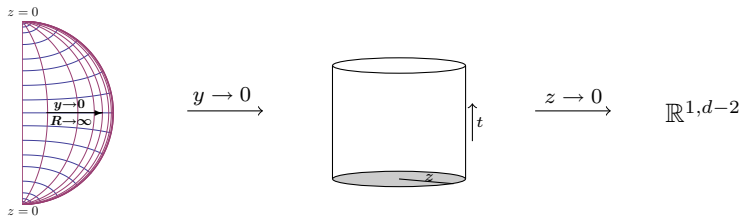
$$\text{and } \nu \in (2, 3)?$$

▷ ghost-free Neumann theory for $\nu > 1$

▷ truncation breaks conformal invariance \rightarrow no unitarity bound ✓

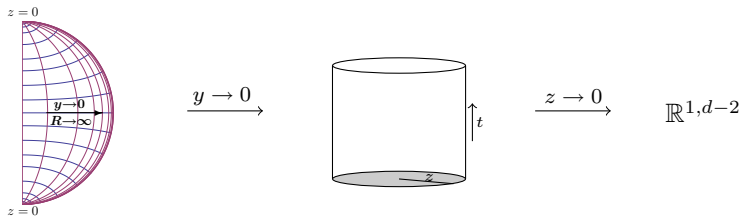
Prospects for multi-layered AdS/CFT?

(Parental advisory: speculative!)



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gravity $_{d+1}$

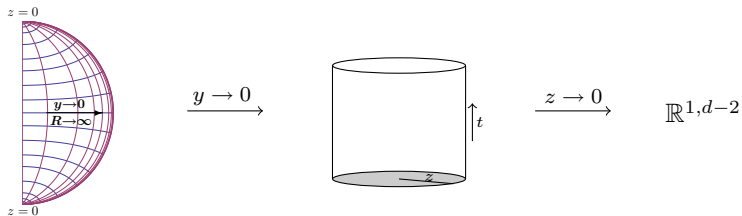
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CFT $_d$ gravity' $_d$

[Compère, Marolf '08]

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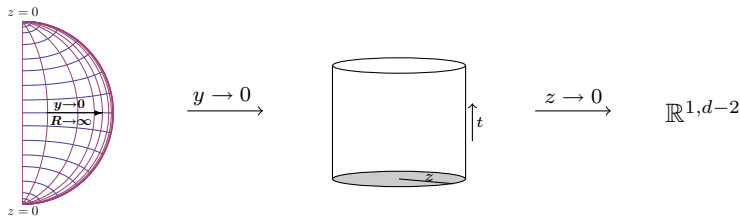
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- Dirichlet $_d$ \longleftrightarrow CFT $_{d-1}$

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CFT_dgravity'_d

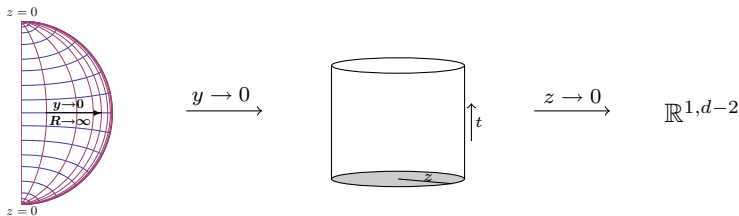
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 even generalize to *n*-fold?

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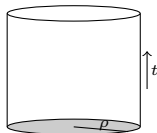
from scalar: expect dim. reduction of gravity $_{d+1}$ w/ Neumann $_d$
 → multiple iterations trivialized

unitarity in CFT_{dS} holographically

AdS_{d+1} in global coordinates:

$$ds^2 = -(1 + \rho^2)dt^2 + \frac{d\rho^2}{1 + \rho^2} + \rho^2 d\Omega_{d-1}^2$$

$$(\rho, t) \rightarrow (R, \tau): \quad \rho = \cosh(H\tau) \sinh R$$
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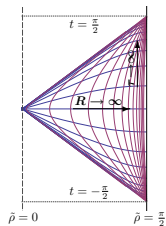
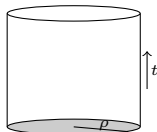
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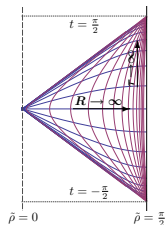
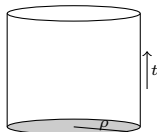
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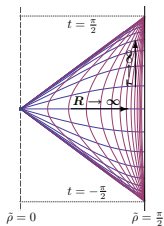
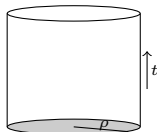
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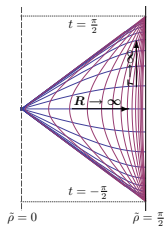
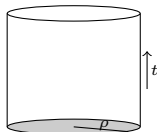
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- ▷ CFT unitarity violation reflected by ghosts immediately
→ Poincaré subtleties can not be blamed on horizon

Conclusion

Unitarity CFT_{AdS}

- ▷ Dirichlet_d: boundary non-unitarity reflected in bulk by ghost states
- ▷ Neumann_d:
 - reduced spectrum of normalizable solutions, ghost-free for certain $\nu > 1$
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Thanks for your attention!